HBF Supplier & Associate member conference

Tuesday November 3, 2015



Introductions – HBF senior management team

- Stewart Baseley, executive chairman
- Peter Andrew, deputy chairman
- John Stewart, director of economic affairs
- Andrew Whitaker, planning director
- John Slaughter, director of external affairs
- Dave Mitchell, technical director
- Steve Turner, director of communications
- David O'Leary, policy director
- Michael Powell, finance director



What we will cover

- Industry overview
- Economics market trends, undersupply, industry structure,
 Starter Homes
- Planning Housing & Planning Bill, Devolution, neighbourhood planning, green belt
- Technical issues facing the industry
- The skills challenge
- Industry image
- Strategy for 2016 elections in Wales, London



An overview of home building in England

Stewart Baseley



A brighter outlook for house builders

Why?



- more finance available for businesses
- mortgage lending has increased & more products available
- consumer confidence has increased
- the housing market has normalised, (though regional variations remain
- political stability



Confirmation of continued demand measures

Government committed to improving the planning process

Objective of increasing Local Plan coverage

Increased home ownership a major priority



Successive Governments committed to increasing supply

Labour

- HomeBuy Direct
- Kickstart

Coalition

- Help to Buy
- NPPF

Conservatives

- Major emphasis on home ownership
- Help to Buy ISA
- Starter Homes
- Extension of Help to Buy

Improvements to NPPF – increased pressure on LA to put robust local plans in place

Productivity Plan - reduction of regulation

Brownfield Regeneration Fund

Creation of National Infrastructure Commission

All parties now committed to increasing supply - Industry operating in much improved policy environment



Demand side policies working

Help to Buy Equity Loan has unlocked demand:

- -60k purchasers (plus an estimated 10-15k in the pipeline)
- -82% FTBs, average purchase price of £216k
- -94% outside of London
- -More than two-thirds with household incomes below £50k

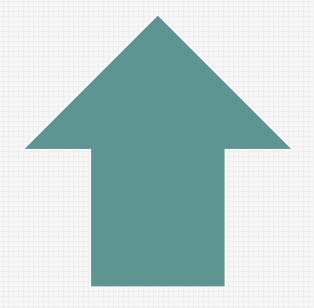
Help to Buy Mortgage Guarantee has galvanised the wider market

- Difficult to estimate impact on new build but 60,000 since launch
- Average purchase price £156k
- 78% FTBs but also helping others in the 'chains' to help move the market

Government clearly committed to increasing home ownership – it has committed to build 200,000 new homes vis its **Starter Homes** scheme



Planning system delivering more



NPPF has increased supply: 260k permissions last year – highest for eight years



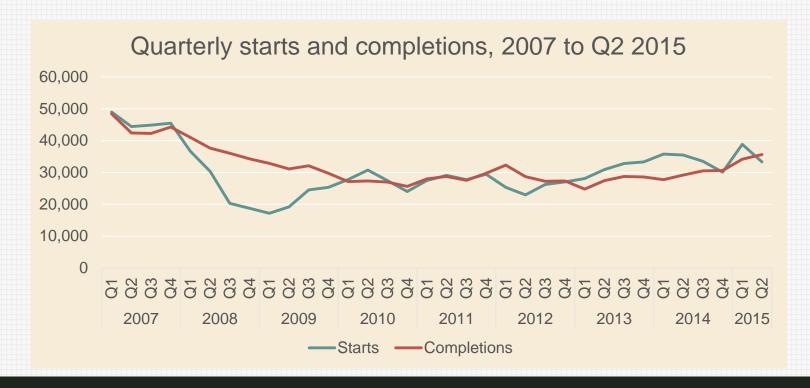
Positive trends in output indicators

Much improved industry position over the past 18 months

137,010 starts in calendar year 2014. Up 59% on 2009 'trough' 75,390 in first 6 months of 2015 – highest since 2007 71,030 completions in first 6 months compared to 117,720 in whole of 2014

NHBC registrations rose to over 145,000 in 2014; latest rolling Q up 11% y on y

HBF estimates additional 100k people employed in past two





However...

We are still massively under-delivering new homes

3.3m 20-34 year olds living at home with parents

In 10 years owner occupation amongst 25-34 year olds fallen from 59% to 36%

1.4m households on social housing waiting lists

Less than 1% of stock is specialist retirement housing despite projected 51% increase in over 65s between 2010 and 2030 and doubling of over 85s



Constraints and threats

Planning - despite increase in permissions granted, it is still taking far too long to get applications processed through the planning system

Skills - to maintain increases in output industry neds to dramatically increase its capacity

SMEs – number of SME builders has plummeted. To increase supply to meet demand need 'more players on the pitch'

RSL world changing - causing uncertainty and impacting ability to build & negotiate Section 106 agreements

Materials supply – big increase in demand, but supply chain responding (more on these later)



Conclusions

Industry in a much better place than two years ago

Economic/policy environment continuing to improve

Government committed to increased housing numbers

Huge challenges ahead and constraints remain Housing at very top of the agenda and so industry under the microscope

Scrutiny presents both opportunity and risk

HBF continues to work with Government to develop workable policies that will deliver increases



Housebuilding economics

John Stewart



Short term trends



Economic background

- GDP forecasts: steady growth
- Real incomes rising
- Labour market strong
- Interest rates 300-year low (7th year): first rise 2016?
 Psychological impact? Financial market risks? But "gradual and limited" (BoE)
- Maturing economic cycle

Risks: global (eurozone economy, China, global slowdown); no obvious UK risks



Mortgage market conditions

Availability

- Availability improved (but net lending only 20% of peak)
- HtB1 and HtB2 => 95% LTVs
- More lenders to new build
- HtB2 ends December 2016 post-2016?
- HtB1 ends 2020 so post-2020?

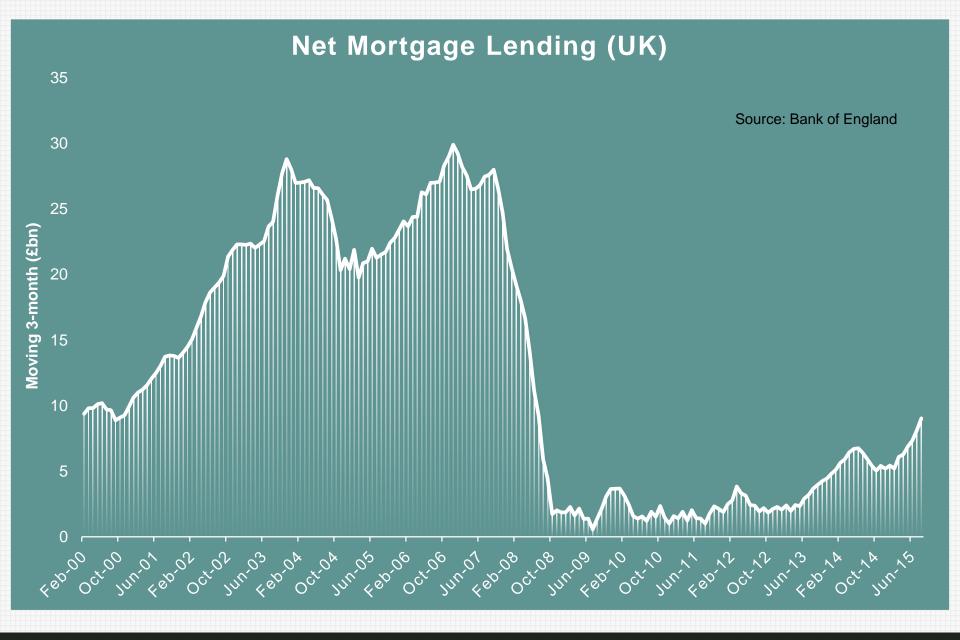
Regulation

- MMR
- Financial Policy Committee (macro-prudential): pre-emptive tools (to be extended to Buy-to-let)
- Mortgage Credit Directive: shared equity second-charge loans



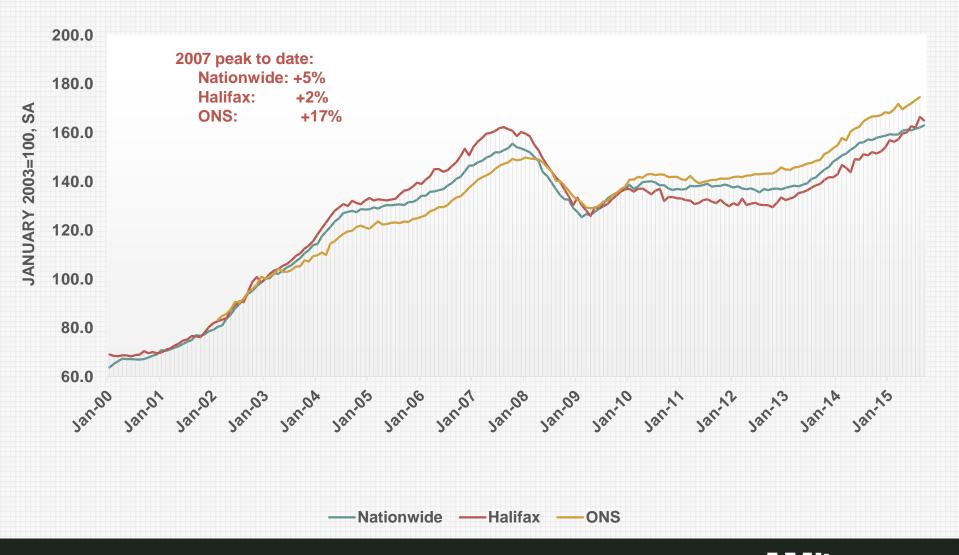
Residential Transactions & Mortgage Approvals (UK) Residential transactions Mortgage approvals Moving 3-month (000, sa) Sources: HMRC, Bank of England Oct May Dec In tep 266 bot 401 Int. 18th 4nd May Oct May Dec In tep, 266, bot 401, Int. 18th 4nd May 12





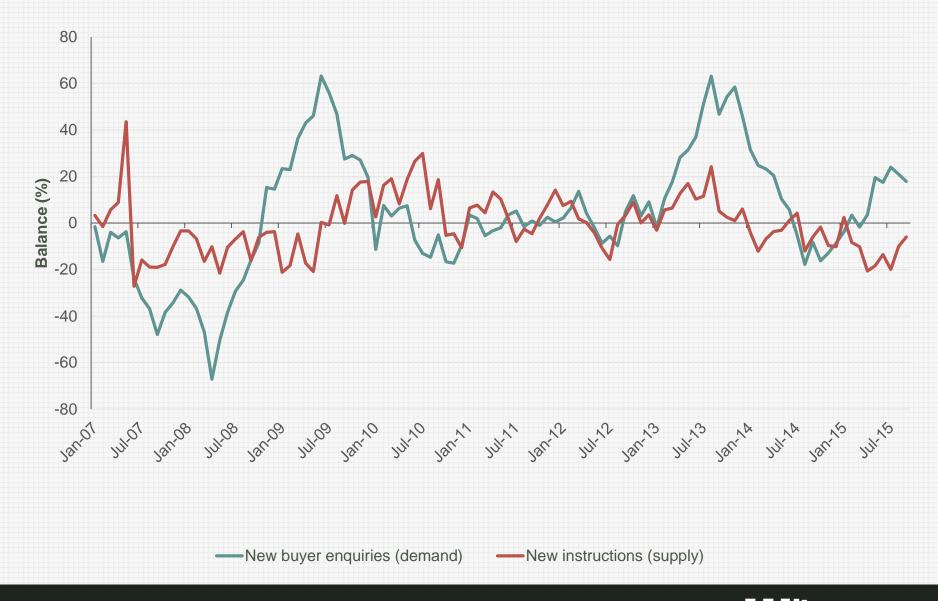


House Price Indices (UK)



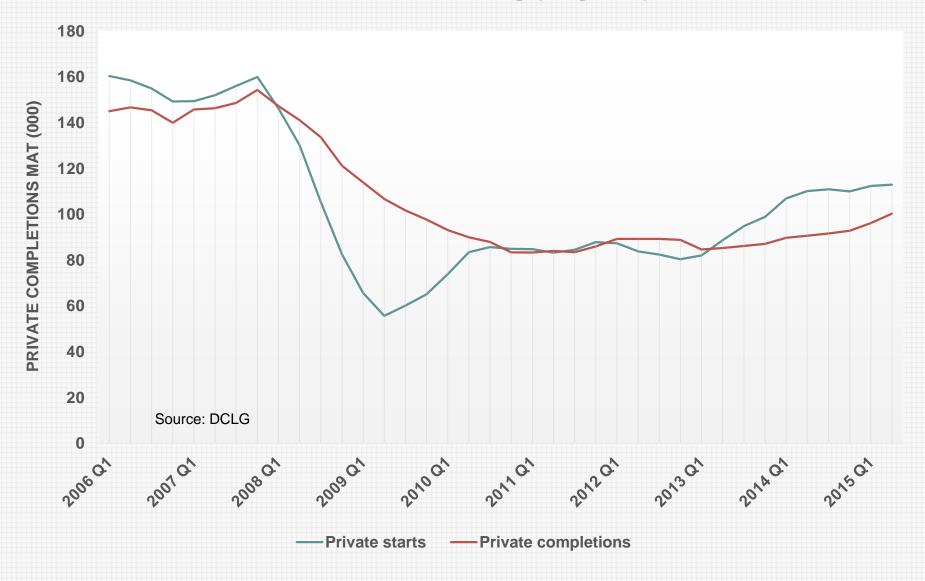


RICS Survey: Demand & Supply (E&W)



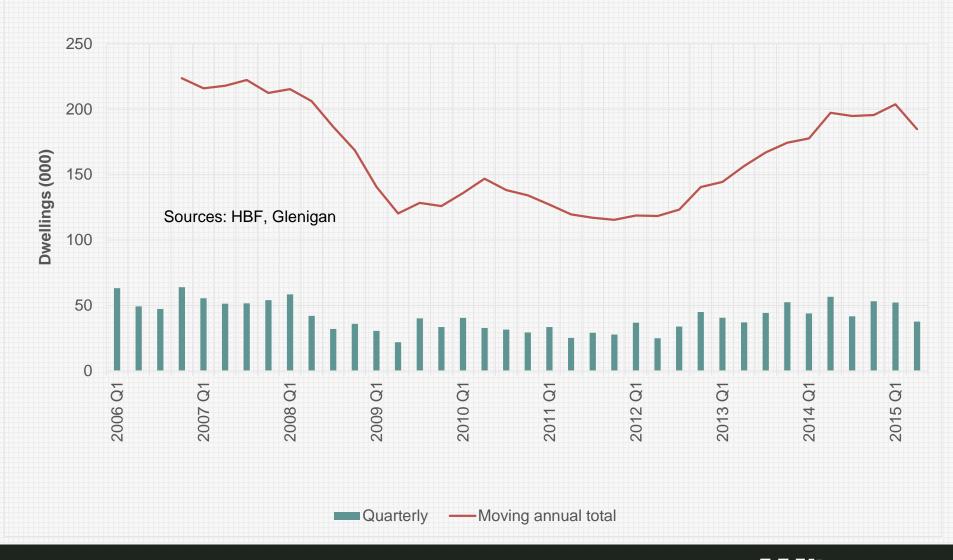


Private House Building (England)





Planning Permissions: All Dwellings (England)

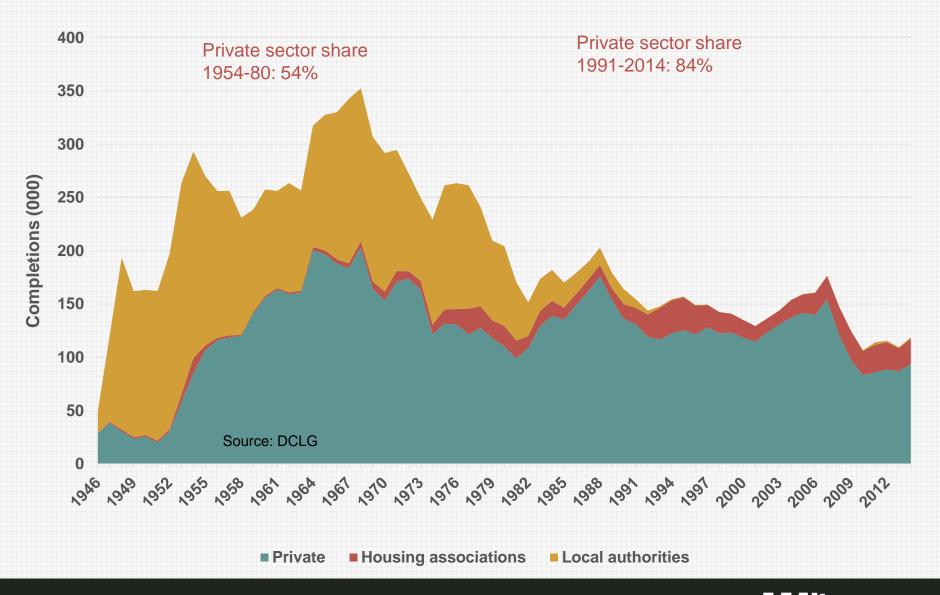




Housing undersupply

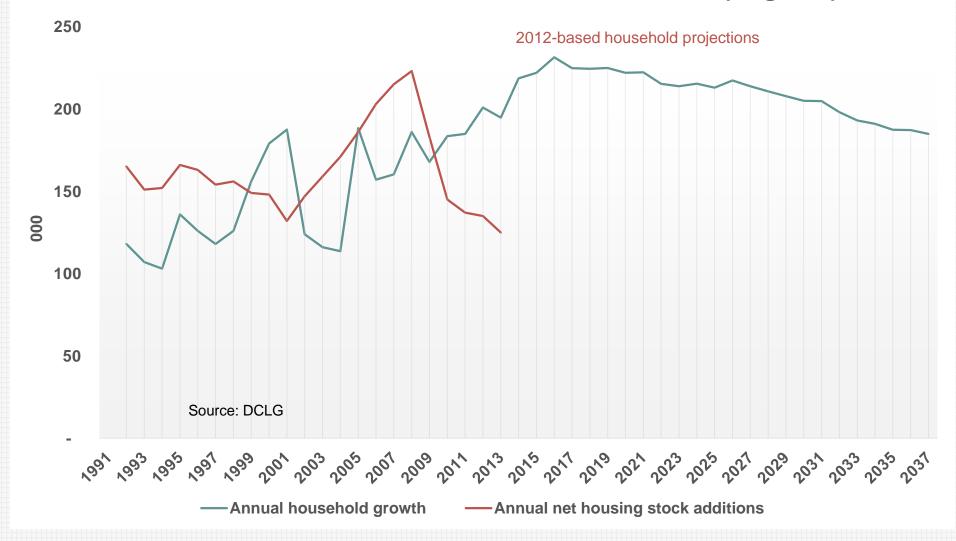


Housing Completions (England)





Household Growth & Annual Net Stock Additions (England)





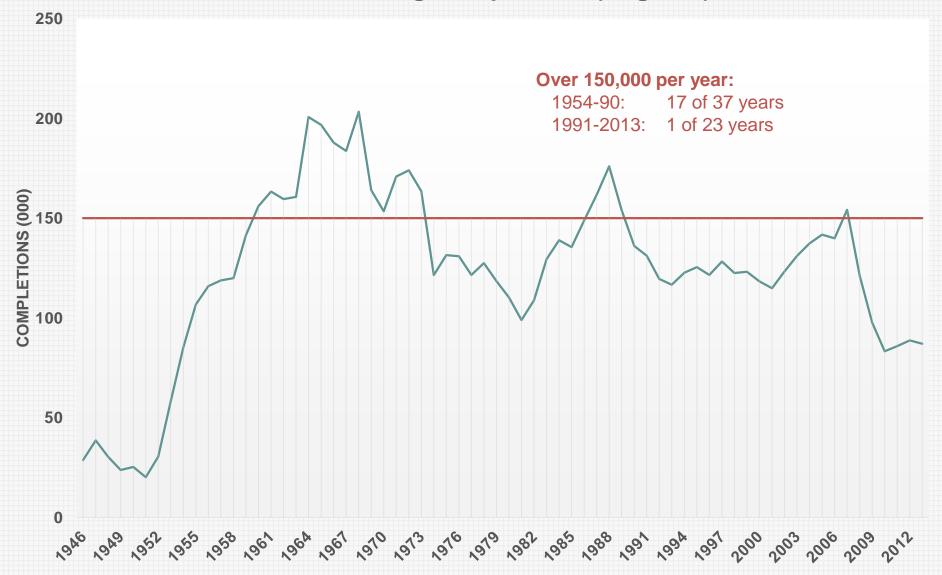
Solutions: England

- Demand support (HtB1, Starter Homes)
- Industry capacity rebuilding, especially skills, SMEs
- Increased sales outlets (more sites)
- Widest possible range of sites, by size and location => more sales, more suppliers, more product range (e.g. housing for older downsizers)
- Residential brownfield presumption
- LPA resources adequate
- End-to-end planning application reform
- Public land disposal
- Mitigate impact social rent cuts on S106 AH

So can the industry deliver? And what if we don't?



Private Housing Completions (England)





Industry structure

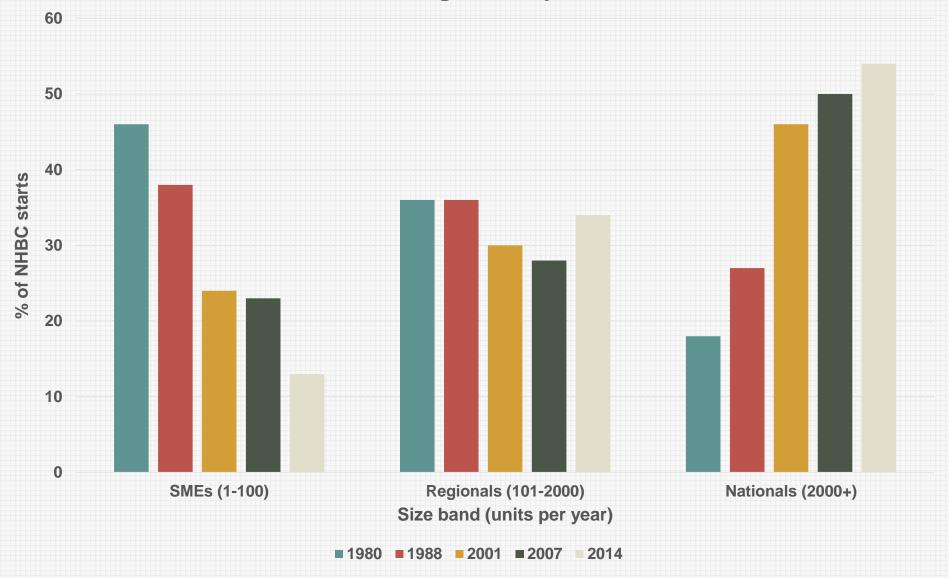


NUMBER OF HOME BUILDING SMES (UK) (SME: 1-100 NHBC STARTS PER YEAR)





Home Building Industry Structure





Starter Homes

Major Government housing committed, but a lot of detail to be agreed

What we know:

- Two parts: exceptions sites + "every reasonably sized housing site"
- Homes to be sold with minimum 20% market value discount
- To FTBs under the age of 40
- Redefinition affordable housing => replace social and affordable rent

What we don't know:

- What SH site requirement will be?
- Interaction with other forms of Affordable Housing?
- Impact on HtB1, local markets, values and valuations?
- How much 'additional' housing Government wants?

HBF liaising closely with officials to ensure scheme is workable



Planning issues

Andrew Whitaker



















Technical matters

Dave Mitchell



Technical issues facing the industry

There are many technical challenges facing the industry that HBF is involved in. Including;

- SUDs
- Broadband installation
- Building Standards
- Health and safety
- Offsite construction
- How is the supply chain responding demand?



SUDs (opps SUGGS it's madness)





Broadband - It's good to talk!!!





Building Standards



"I PO NOT CHANGE THE BUILDING COPES EVERY WEEK.
I PO IT EVERY OTHER WEEK."

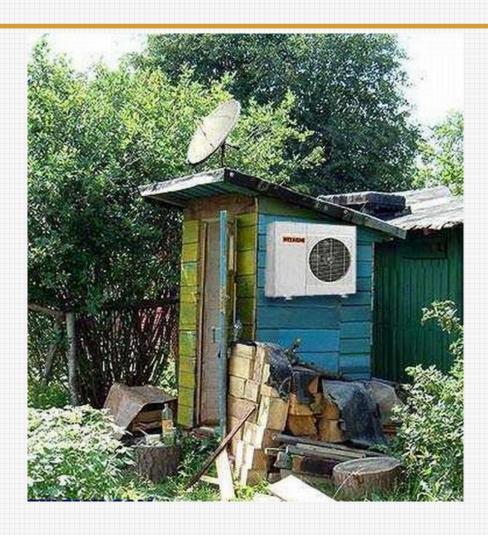


Health and Safety





Offsite construction





How is the supply chain responding demand?





Skills

John Slaughter



Constraints and threats - skills

Skills shortage is now the biggest challenge facing the industry Industry needs to recruit and train tens of thousands of people if increases in supply are to be delivered HBF is working closely with Government to ensure new apprentice levy dovetails with existing industry levy

HBF pushing CITB to ensure it is fit for purpose

HBF has developed web site to showcase range of career opportunities for young people



Skills – HBF initiatives

HBF leading on experienced workers pilot project and campaign to attract people with transferable skills - eg military - into industry

Supporting and assisting Zero Carbon Hub work on skills and knowledge – eg Builders Book

Major research project on promoting skills capacity in the home building supply chain

Bring all this – and more - together in a new home building skills partnership with CITB, Government and others



Industry image

Steve Turner



Economic and social benefits of housebuilding - UK

£19.2bn –
housebuilding annual
contribution to the
economy

600,000 – jobs dependent upon house building

3.9bn – contribution to local infrastructure via S106/CIL

32k – affordable homes built or financed plus £1bn to local authorities

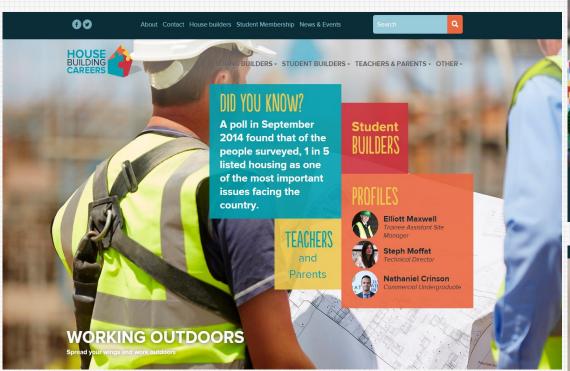
£225m a year towards educational facilities; equivalent of 52,000 classroom places

£355m stamp duty receipts from new build sales





Careers web site









Posters – House building careers, skill for Life





Factsheets – Why buy new?















2016 elections

David O'Leary



London Mayoral elections

- 'The Housing Election' both main candidates declaring housing to be a major/most important issue
- 54% of Londoners consider housing to be the most important issue facing the capital. Up from 39% in 2013
- Increasing interest from general business community regarding affordability of housing
- Huge under-delivery of housing in London



London Mayoral Election 2016

 Overseas buyers, "landbanking" and the Green Belt likely to attract attention

Pre-election strategy:

- Counter spurious accusations of "land-banking"
- Need to continue attracting investment from variety of sources
- Sell the economic benefits of house building for London, particularly in boosting youth employment (80k new jobs)
- Importance of public land
- Making better use of London's housing estates
- Better cooperation between the Mayor, Boroughs and wider South East
- Encouraging clarity in the role for investors in PRS



Elections in Wales 2016: Market context

- Recovery in output in Wales has been slower than elsewhere
- Housing starts in 14/15 back to 68% of 2007/8 levels.
 England = 80% of 2007/8 starts
- Planning permissions increasing but slowly





Wales

A challenging environment for builders:



Generally low house values, weak GVA



Lack of certainty over continuation of demand-side measures



Building is more expensive - remediation, regulation, AH requirements



Poor development plan coverage

HBF's Pre-election strategy



Set out the evidence – higher regulatory burden affects investment decisions of house building companies



Build the story – need to address the housing crisis in Wales, economic benefits of boosting housing supply, importance to voters



Present solutions for creating a better environment for house builders – clarity, deregulation, better coverage of development plans



Questions and Discussion





