Response ID ANON-QUCS-FXYT-7

Response ID ANON-QUCS-FXY1-7
Submitted to Review of Approved Document A: Structure - call for evidence Submitted on 2025-04-08 20:08:27
Introduction
Aim of the call for evidence
About you
Name
Please tell us your name: rhodri williams
Position (if applicable)
Add position (if applicable): technical director
Organisation (if applicable)
Add organisation (if applicable) : Home Builders Federation
Address (including postcode)
Add the address:
HBF House 27 Broadwall Southwark London SE1 9PL
Email address
Add the email address: rhodri.williams@hbf.co.uk
Telephone number
Add number: 07742401594
Please state whether you are responding as an individual or the organisation stated above
Organisation
Please indicate whether you are responding to this call for evidence as a:
Other interested party (please specify)
If you chose other, please specify: trade body association
Call for evidence questions
Section 1: Codes, standards and references for all building types
No
Add comment:
No

Add comment:

Section 2: Sizes of structural elements for certain residential buildings and other small buildings of traditional construction
Yes
Add comment:
Section 2A: Basic requirements for stability
No
Add comment:
Section 2B: Sizes of certain timber members in floors and roofs for dwellings. Areas at risk from house longhorn beetle
No
Add comment:
Section 2C: Thickness of walls in certain small buildings
No
Add comment:
No
Add comment:
Section 2D: Proportions for masonry chimneys above the roof surface
No
Add comment:
Section 2E: Foundations of plain concrete
No
Add comment:
Section 3: Wall Cladding
Yes
Add comment:
Section 4: Roof covering
No
Add comment:
With changes to other parts of approved documents adn the introduction of the Future Hoems standard, there may be an opportunity to recognise the more likely introduction of features such as solar panels becoming more prevalent on roof coerings in tehyears ahead. However solar panels when 'inline or 'built in' are likely to be lighter than the equivilent concrete or clay roof tiles therefore reducing the imposed load onto the roof structure. As long as acknowledgement is made in the truss design to counter the presence of solar panels or roof tiles, there should be adequte strengh already provided within the structure and the wording of the existing AD sufficiently written. Solar Panels on roof coverings have been present for over 30 years on various schemes.
Modern Methods of Construction (MMCs)
Yes
Add comment:

Some elements of MMC may need some further consideration within ADA. However in the example given above on aerated concrete roofs, it is not the presence of aerated concrete that has caused the strucutral integrity issue. It is more the condition of roof coverings, water and moisture ingress into teh roof causing subsequent damage. This could be said for the failure of normal timber trusses, if sufficuent water damages causer rot adn decay to the point of colapse. The matter above is down to inspection, maintencen adn upkeep of roof coverings protecting the structure below in which case, this principal would apply to all roof coverings not just aerated concrete. Aerated concrete is also used in concrete blocks forming inner strucutral walls. The same vertical failure could exist where water ingress over time impedes its strucutral integrity if allowed to go unnoticed or unchecked.

No
Add comment:
Design Checking
Yes
Add comment:
Additional clear guidence may be useful in certain areas of ADA for greater clarity if it were to help design and construction and provide a clearer understading on how to correctly comply with the functional requirements of the building regulations and not produce greater ambiguity.
Competence of Structural Engineers
Yes
Add comment:
Providing clarity on who is deemed to be appropriately qualified to undertake designs adn design adssessments could be useful for inclusion within the updated AD if clarity and ambiguity is avoided. Qualifications, experience and the correct apporach to assessment review could be considered for inclusion.
Other Issues
Yes
Add comment:
With changes to standards and regulations elsehere in approved documents and elsewhere in government policy, it is likely that new buildings coming forward under Part L Approved Documents are not likely to include Gas as a service utility in residential schemes of the future. The withdrawal of gas as an explosive element within construction is a significant factor in the reduction of risk to disproportionate collapse, strucutral failure and explosion. It may be useful therefore to take account of this when considering strucutral calculations, loadings, tie in strenghs and the perfoamce of buildings of the future. There may be opportunities to consider more modern methods of construction and lighter weight construction or materials if the structural integrity can still be demonstrated without the risk of explosion and catastophic damage.
No
Add comment:
If you would like to include diagrams as part of your response, please use the file upload feature below.
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